

Saskatchewan

Hunters Guide

2024-25







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Saskatchewan Hunting, Fishing and Trapping Heritage Day is November 15, 2024.

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Hunters extras

Find more hunting information in our hunters extras section on our website at saskatchewan.ca/hunting-extras.

- · Sale of wildlife
- Treaty and Aboriginal rights
- HABISask
- Fish and Wildlife Development Fund
- WMZ map
- Chronic Wasting disease

- Wildlife surveys
- Firearm Safety/Hunter Education
- and more . . .



The guide is not a legal document and is intended for use as a reference only. A printed copy of the guide was published in July, but the Ministry of Environment reserves the right to update the online version of the guide following its printing. It is your responsibility to check online for any changes prior to hunting and trapping. You can find the up-to-date guide at saskatchewan.ca/hunting.

For a listing of CWD head drop-off locations, visit the **Getting Your Animal Tested** page at <u>saskatchewan.ca/cwd</u>.

WMZ Map



What's new for 2024

Expanded dark goose hunting

Beginning in the fall of 2024, hunters pursuing dark geese will be able to hunt one-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset throughout the entire season. While the current restriction on dark goose hunting served a purpose at a time when there were more than 70,000 hunters and dark goose populations were significantly lower, the hunting landscape has changed and the restriction is no longer necessary. Removal of this restriction will allow hunters to pursue dark geese all day, similar to all other waterfowl species.

Bovine tuberculosis

In response to the detection of bovine tuberculosis (bovine TB) in cattle the ministry is implementing mandatory bovine TB surveillance of hunter-harvested draw elk in WMZ 37 and elk and white-tailed deer harvested during the regular seasons in WMZ 48. Hunters are asked to submit heads at a designated CWD drop-off location within one month from the time the animal was harvested. Voluntary submission of mule deer and moose is also encouraged. For more information and a list of drop-off sites, visit saskatchewan.ca/bovinetb.

New Trappers Guide

New this year! We've created a standalone Saskatchewan Trappers Guide. The guide can be downloaded or printed at any time at saskatchewan.ca/trapping and printed copies are available at ministry field offices.



Have a question?

Call the Ministry of Environment Inquiry Centre at **1-800-567-4224** (in North America) or email <u>centre.inquiry@gov.sk.ca</u>

Licence issuers

You can find your nearest licence issuers on the SK Hunt & Fish mobile app, or, for a list of locations by community, go to <u>saskatchewanhal.ca</u>.

Land acknowledgement

Saskatchewan is situated on the territories of Treaties 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 10 – the traditional territories of the Cree, Dene, Dakota, Lakota, Nakota, and Saulteaux Nations and the home of the Métis. We acknowledge and respect the rights of these Nations to practice traditional harvest across the province and recognize that wildlife are shared by all of Saskatchewan's people.

Hunting opportunities for 2024

White-tailed deer

White-tailed deer populations have declined across much of the province following the severe winters in 2021-22 and 2022-23. Therefore, the additional quota-limited antlerless white-tailed deer licence (second licence) will not be offered in WMZs 1-14E, 14W, 19 (Designate WMZ SW) in 2024. Regular either-sex white-tailed deer seasons are unchanged.

Moose

Wildlife managers remain concerned about declining moose populations in forest WMZs. This decline is consistent across western Canada with predation, overharvest, increased access and health-related factors as leading causes. A University of Saskatchewan-led research project is monitoring 65 radio-collared cow moose in the eastern forest to understand factors influencing survival and habitat selection of moose. For 2024, the November regular moose season (November 20-24) has been eliminated in WMZs 55-59 and 63-69 and for 2025 the ministry is considering drawonly seasons in these same WMZs to address declining moose populations.

Elk

There are ample hunting opportunities for elk across much of the province. Hunters are encouraged to take advantage of antlerless hunting opportunities, including a new antlerless draw season in zone 38, increased antlerless quota in select zones where population growth has occurred, and extended antlerless draw season dates across grassland and parkland zones as a measure to improve harvest success. In response to declining elk numbers in the northeast, the either-sex regular season in zones 49, 56, 57, 58 and 59 will be replaced with a bull-only regular season and antlerless draw quota will be reduced in select zones. Either-sex draw and regular season dates remain unchanged.

Mule deer

Recent severe winters and ongoing drought conditions have caused mule deer populations to decline across much of the province. As a result, the second antlerless mule deer quota is being removed, and the first antlerless mule deer quota is being reduced in many WMZs across the grassland and parkland where current harvest rates do not align with population objectives. The antlerless mule deer season in WMZ 14E and WMZ 55 will be closed in 2024. There are no changes to the either-sex draw mule deer quotas.

In 2025, the ministry is considering moving from a draw antlerless mule deer licence to a quota-limited antlerless mule deer licence that can be purchased over the counter.

Pronghorn

While pronghorn populations have shown strong growth across their range over the last decade, there was a substantial decline in both population size and fawn production last year. As a result, last year's pronghorn quota was reduced from 625 to 555 licences. Wildlife managers are proposing to maintain the current allocation until populations recover. Ground surveys conducted in July will help confirm population status and whether quotas will be adjusted this year.

Pronghorn draw applications must be submitted during the Big Game Draw application period in May. However, the pronghorn draw will not be conducted until July, following the ground survey. Results will be posted on the HAL website and an email notice will be sent out once the draw is completed.

Game birds

While upland game bird populations vary across the province, most are stable or increasing. In response to recovering populations, bag limits for gray partridge in Game Bird Management Units 5 and 6 have been increased. Sharp-tailed grouse and ringnecked pheasant populations are relatively stable and bag limits are unchanged. Forest grouse populations in many areas are likely nearing a high point in their natural cycle and bag limits are unchanged. For more information on upland game bird management, download the Upland Game Bird Management Plan.

While drought conditions have an influence, waterfowl populations are strong across much of the province. White goose populations are abundant, despite having undergone significant declines in recent years. Season dates and bag limits remain unchanged from last year.

Chronic wasting disease (CWD)

CWD is established south of the boreal forest across the province and has been found in 60 of the province's WMZs. It is common in mule and white-tailed deer and has also been found in elk and moose. The ministry accepts sample submissions province-wide, with a focus on samples from zones 2W, 9, 10, 35, 37 and boreal transition zones 50 and 55. Hunters can visit cwdsk.ca to submit animals for testing.

For more information on CWD, drop-off and disposal locations, and results of the 2023-24 CWD Surveillance Program, visit <u>saskatchewan.ca/CWD</u>.

Firearm safety/hunter education training

It is unlawful to apply for a licence without recognized training.

People born after January 1, 1971 must hold a certificate from a recognized firearm safety/hunter education course to apply for and hold a Saskatchewan game or fur licence. This includes applying for the Big Game Draw. All first-time purchasers of hunting or trapping licences, or persons submitting a Big Game Draw application for the first time, will be asked to confirm that they hold a firearm safety/hunter education certificate. You may be asked to provide proof of training.

Licensing fees and requirements

Hunters must always carry hunting licences (paper or electronic) and any required seals or ledgers when hunting. Fall licences will be available August 1, 2024.

Prices include GST Wildlife habitat\$20 Veteran wildlife habitat (Saskatchewan and Canadian resident)Free Note: The ministry's automated licence system ensures that any purchase of a hunting or fur licence also includes a 2024 wildlife habitat licence (one-time purchase only). Game birds Saskatchewan resident game bird\$25 Veteran game bird (Saskatchewan and Canadian resident).....Free Canadian resident game bird......\$100 Non-resident game bird......\$200 Youth game bird (Saskatchewan residents only)......\$10 Note: Available only to Saskatchewan residents aged 12 to 18 years (inclusive) who have successfully completed a firearm safety/hunter education course. Migratory game bird permit\$17.85 (Available at post offices, select licence issuers or at permis-permits.ec.gc.ca/en) Note: A federal migratory game bird permit, the applicable Saskatchewan game bird licence and a wildlife habitat licence are all required to hunt waterfowl. White-tailed deer Saskatchewan resident\$45 Saskatchewan resident veteran.....Free Saskatchewan resident antlerless......\$35 Saskatchewan resident veteran antlerlessFree Note: Available only to Saskatchewan residents aged 12 to 18 years (inclusive) who have successfully completed a firearm safety/hunter education course. Canadian resident draw\$180 Elk Saskatchewan resident\$45 First Saskatchewan resident draw\$70 Moose Saskatchewan resident\$55 Saskatchewan resident veteran.....Free Saskatchewan resident draw......\$70 **Pronghorn** Saskatchewan resident draw.....\$50 Saskatchewan resident......\$55 Saskatchewan resident veteran.....Free

Mule deer
Saskatchewan resident archery\$50
Saskatchewan resident veteran archeryFree
Saskatchewan resident draw\$50
Saskatchewan resident antlerless draw\$35
Quota-limited antlerless (available in select zones)\$30
Note: Quota-limited antlerless mule deer licences will be available August 15 in select WMZs on a first-come, first-served basis through the Hunting, Angling and Trapping Licence (HAL) system. See page 20 for details.
Black bear
First Saskatchewan resident\$30
Second Saskatchewan resident\$25
First Saskatchewan resident veteranFree
Second Saskatchewan resident veteranFree
Canadian resident (non-guided)\$120
Canadian resident veteran (non-guided)Free
Guided (Canadian and non-resident)*
Note: An unused 2024 bear licence purchased for the spring season is valid for the 2024 fall season.
Replacement seals or ledgers (available only by contacting a field office)\$5.40
Note: Harvest ledgers and big game seals that have been registered (activated) with a hunting licence and lost, inadvertently detached or destroyed must be replaced to lawfully hunt.
Reprints of lost/destroyed licencesFree
Note: Valid licences (excluding seals or ledgers) may be reprinted online from a personal computer or a licence

* Guided licences

issuer.

- All non-resident big game hunters (white-tailed deer, moose, bear and wolf) and Canadian resident moose hunters must use the services of an outfitter and possess the appropriate guided licence.
- Canadian resident black bear hunters may hunt with or without an outfitter. If an outfitter is used, a guided licence is required.
- Canadian resident hunters with a draw white-tailed deer licence have the
 option to hunt with or without an outfitter and do not require a guided
 licence.
- A guided wolf licence is only valid when the holder of the guided wolf licence also holds a primary guided big game licence (moose or white-tailed deer) that is valid (unused) and the hunting season for the primary licence is open. Once the primary guided licence has been filled, the guided wolf licence becomes invalid.

Note: To purchase a guided licence, your outfitter must first purchase a resource allocation licence (RAL) and link it to your HAL account.

Permit to retain wildlife

Saskatchewan residents may request a permit to retain an animal that is found dead. To possess found dead wildlife, you must contact the nearest field office with front counter service within seven days, produce the animal for inspection and pay the required permit fee.

Residency and veteran definitions

Saskatchewan resident: A Canadian resident whose principal residence is in Saskatchewan, has lived in the province for three months immediately prior to applying for a licence and possesses a valid Saskatchewan health services card (including RCMP members). This includes a person who is a regular member of the Canadian Armed Forces – stationed and residing in the province or a Saskatchewan resident when recruited or deployed from the province.

Canadian resident: A person whose principal residence is in Canada and is a Canadian citizen or has lived in Canada for 12 months immediately preceding the application for a licence.

Non-resident: A person who is not a Saskatchewan or Canadian resident.

Canadian Armed Forces Veteran: A Saskatchewan or Canadian resident who is a former member of the Canadian Armed Forces, has successfully undergone basic training and has been honourably discharged. For further information on eligibility, please visit saskatchewan.ca/hunting.

Youth hunting requirements

A Saskatchewan resident youth game bird licence and a Saskatchewan resident youth white-tailed deer licence are available to youth 12 to 18 years of age. Youth planning to hunt waterfowl must also obtain a federal migratory game bird permit.

While hunting, youth aged 12 to 15 must be under the direct supervision of an adult who is at least 18 years old. Subject to federal firearms legislation, youth aged 16 to 17 may hunt unsupervised.

Note: Firearm safety/hunter education training differs from the Canadian Firearms Safety Course. The federally sponsored Canadian Firearms Safety Course allows successful students to apply for a Possession and Acquisition Licence, which authorizes a person to possess or purchase a rifle or shotgun and purchase ammunition. The Canadian Firearms Safety Course does not authorize a person to purchase a Saskatchewan hunting or trapping licence.

Federal firearms legislation states:

- any person who does not hold a federal Possession and Acquisition Licence (PAL) or federal Minors' Permit must be under the supervision of someone who holds a PAL; and
- a youth hunter 16 years of age or older can hunt without supervision if that individual possesses a federal Minors' Permit.

Youth aged 12 to 15 must have a parent or guardian complete the consent portion of the Saskatchewan hunting licence. Each subsequent licence will require completion of the consent section.

Summary of Saskatchewan hunting regulations

The following is a summary of some applicable regulations. Always consult the original statutes for interpretation and application of the law. Regulations that apply to hunting in Saskatchewan are *The Wildlife Act, 1998; The Wildlife Regulations, 1981; The Open Seasons Game Regulations, 2009; The Wildlife Management Zones and Special Areas Boundaries Regulations, 1990; The Firearm Safety/Hunter Education Regulations, 2009; The Dog Training Regulations, 1982; The Outfitter and Guide Regulations, 2004; The Migratory Birds Convention Act, 1994; and The Migratory Birds Regulations, 2022.* You can obtain copies of these documents at publications.saskatchewan.ca/#/freelaw.

General

It is unlawful to:

- Enter land without consent from the owner or occupant.
- Hunt at night. Hunting is not permitted from a half hour after sunset to a half hour before sunrise.
- Shoot across or along a provincial highway, provincial road or municipal road.
- Use any artificial light, infrared device, night vision scopes or goggles for hunting.
- Hunt while under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Carry a loaded firearm in or on a vehicle or while on horseback;
 - A rifle or shotgun is considered loaded when shells are in the magazine or a loaded clip is attached to a hinge plate or in contact with the firearm.
 - A muzzleloader is considered loaded when it is charged and the ignition system is in place on the firearm.
- Hunt within 500 metres of a building, stockade or corral occupied by people or livestock without the consent of the owner or occupant.
- Hunt contrary to posted instructions without consent.
 - If you wound an animal and it runs onto land where you do not have permission to enter, you must contact the owner or occupant of the land for permission before entering.
- Injure or kill a game bird or animal without making every reasonable attempt to retrieve it.
- Retrieve a wounded animal after legal hunting hours without approval from a

conservation officer.

- Shoot an animal of the incorrect species or sex.
 - If you shoot any wildlife of the wrong species or sex, immediately field dress the animal and then call the local conservation officer to report it.
- Note: To contact a conservation officer, call the Turn in Poachers and Polluters (TIPP) line at 1-800-667-7561.
- Transport any game, including pheasants, not accompanied by evidence of its sex and age, except when you can hunt all ages and sexes of game.
- Waste, destroy, allow to spoil or abandon the edible flesh of a game bird or big game animal, except black bear and wolf, unless authorized.
 - If you harvest a big game animal that appears unhealthy, contact a conservation officer.
- Note: The ministry does not provide compensation, such as replacement licences or financial refunds, for big game meat that is inedible.
- Use any vehicle (including a power boat) to chase wildlife.
- Operate an aircraft (including a drone) or have a person operating an aircraft or drone assist you for any purpose connected with searching for, hunting or killing wildlife.
- Use the following devices for hunting or killing wildlife:
 - Spears, darts, spear throwers, blowguns or any similar devices; and
 - > Barbed or poisoned arrows, or arrows with explosive heads.

Licences

It is unlawful to:

- Use more than one HAL number to obtain or apply for a licence.
- Hold a regular and a draw big game licence for the same species.
- Hold two licences of the same licence type in any one year (e.g. either-sex mule deer).
- Hold or apply for any hunting licence while suspended.
- Use or carry another person's game licence, seal or certificate while hunting.
- Hunt with detached seals or seals that have not been associated with a big game licence through HAL.
- Fail to produce a licence upon the request of an officer (digital or paper).
- Tamper, alter or mutilate any licence or seal (the licence or seal is deemed void).
- **Note:** HAL accounts are audited for irregular account activity.

Big game

It is unlawful to:

- Hunt big game with a rifle, hunt in a designated rifle-only season or accompany a rifle hunter without wearing:
 - > A vest (an outer garment that covers the torso) of scarlet, bright yellow, blaze orange or white or any combination of these colours. The vest may include a label or crest not exceeding 100 sg. cm. (15 sg. in.); or
 - > A high-visibility garment carrying a Canadian Standards Association (CSA) label stating CAN/CSA Z96. This designation includes Z96-02, Z96-09 or Z96-15 (indicates the year the standard was updated). Both class 2 (vest) or class 3 (coveralls) garments are lawful hunting apparel; and
 - Scarlet, bright yellow or blaze orange headwear (not white). The headwear may include a small label or crest not exceeding 50 sq. cm. (7.8 sq. in.).
- Hunt big game with:
 - Any firearm cartridge with an empty cartridge case length of less than 32 mm (this includes most handgun cartridges and all rimfire cartridges);

- Any centrefire rifle cartridge of .17 calibre or less;
- Any of the following cartridges: .22 Hornet, .22 K-Hornet, .218 Bee, .25-20 Winchester, .30 Carbine, .32-20 Winchester, .357 Magnum, .41 Remington Magnum, .44-40 Winchester or .45 Colt;
- > Full metal-jacketed, hardpoint, nonexpanding bullets;
- A shotgun or muzzle-loading rifle that uses a metal projectile of .23 calibre or less:
- A large calibre air rifle, pneumatic firearm or similar device that uses compressed air, nitrogen, carbon dioxide or any other gas;
- Any firearm or device that uses hydrogen, helium, propane, butane or any other flammable gas;
- Any firearm or device that uses blank ammunition or a nail gun charge;
- > A slingbow or similar elasticpowered devices;
- > A pistol or revolver;
- > A bow with a draw weight of less than 18.2 kilograms (40 pounds) and arrowheads of less than 2.2 centimetres (7/8 inch) in diameter;
- A crossbow with a draw weight of less than 68 kilograms (150 pounds);
 or
- > A crossbow other than in an open muzzleloader or rifle season.
- Note: Crossbows are permitted in the Regina/Moose Jaw, Saskatoon and Prince Albert WMZs during all open seasons.
- Hunt wildlife with a rifle, other than a muzzleloader, during a big game season in Regina/Moose Jaw and Saskatoon WMZs.
- Fail to properly attach a seal (tag) to a harvested big game animal. The proper steps are:
 - > Confirm the animal is safe to handle;
 - > Select the seal that matches the big game species harvested;
 - > Separate the three-part seal (marked as meat, hide and antler/head);
 - > Cut out or notch the year, month and day of harvest on each seal;

- Fold in half, aligning the pre-cut holes;
- > Insert a plastic tie, wire or string through the pre-cut holes;
- Secure the seal to the antler/head of the animal (ear);
- > Secure the meat seal to the carcass (rib cage or tendon on hind leg); and
- Secure the hide seal through the hide.
- Fail to properly separate the seals as above, notch the date and immediately attach the seals upon harvesting a big game animal.
- Possess an unprocessed big game carcass or unprocessed hide without a seal.
- Possess the head or antlers of a deer, moose, elk or pronghorn without the seal attached to the head or antlers until March 31 of the year following the harvest date.
- Leave a big game hide in the field, except moose and elk in WMZs 56-76.
- Place a tree stand or blind on provincial forest land, unoccupied Crown land or land within a provincial park or recreation site without clearly and permanently marking (in a visible location) with either the person's name and address or HAL number, or the outfitter's licence number, and the date the tree stand or blind was erected.
- Leave a tree stand, blind or any other structure on provincial forest land, unoccupied Crown land or land within a provincial park or recreation site after July 7, if placed between April 7 and June 30 of the same year, or after December 31, if placed between August 15 and December 19 of the same year.
- Kill female black bears with young of the year cubs at heel.
- Carry or transport a firearm through a game preserve, wildlife refuge, wildlife management unit, regional park, provincial park, protected area or recreation site that is closed to hunting unless the firearm is encased and in a vehicle.

Game birds

It is unlawful to:

Hunt upland game birds with a centrefire rifle.

- Hunt game birds with a shotgun unless the magazine is plugged so it cannot hold more than two shells.
- For Canadian and non-resident hunters to:
 - Exceed the season limit for sharptailed grouse or gray (Hungarian) partridge;
 - Fail to record the date of kill on a harvest ledger upon taking a sharptailed grouse or gray (Hungarian) partridge;
 - > Hunt game birds without possessing the harvest ledger that is registered with a game bird licence; or
 - > Hold more than one game bird licence.
- Hunt migratory game birds with a rifle or possess more than one shotgun while hunting migratory game birds, unless each shotgun other than the one being used is unloaded and disassembled or unloaded and cased.
- Hunt game birds within 500 metres of a waterfowl feeding station or enter any lands posted with lure crop signs contrary to posted instructions.
- Dig a pit or excavation, or leave a pit or excavation open, without the consent of the land owner or occupant.
- Use recorded electronic calls other than snow and Ross's geese vocalizations while hunting waterfowl.

Assisting hunters

It is unlawful to:

- Accompany, hunt with, aid or assist a person hunting big game while hunting coyotes or wild boar; and
- Aid, assist or hunt with people who are exercising their Aboriginal hunting rights, unless you possess Aboriginal rights or carry a permit to assist a Treaty Indian subsistence hunter who is a family member.
- Note: Permits to assist a Treaty Indian subsistence hunter who is a family member are available at field offices with front counter service.

Baiting regulations

 Bait means any food, including salt and salt products intended to attract big game, but does not include fields of crop or forage – whether standing or harvested crops, forage or hay stacked in the field where it is grown – or grain that is scattered or piled because of farming operations.

- On private land or occupied Crown land, no person shall:
 - Place bait, including salt and salt products, for hunting big game or feeding or attracting other wildlife, without the permission of the owner or occupant; and
 - Salt or salt products used for hunting should be placed in a leakproof container.
- In the provincial forest, provincial parks, recreation sites and on unoccupied Crown land, no person shall:
 - Store bait at or near any bait location;
 - > Hunt at a bait site placed by another person without that person's consent:
 - Other than the owner, tear down, remove, damage, deface or cover any bait or sign;
 - > Use salt or salt products for bait unless placed in a leak-proof container that is secured to prevent the contents from spilling;
 - Use as bait any noxious weed or noxious weed seed as described in The Weed Control Act, any exotic plant as described in The Forest Resources Management Regulations or any carcass or part of a domestic animal other than domestic animal trimmings received from a licensed butcher shop or abattoir;
 - Feed wild ungulates (e.g. deer, elk, moose) between January 1 and July 31; and
 - > Place bait for the hunting of wild boar or a wolf with a firearm.
- In the provincial forest, provincial parks, recreation sites and on unoccupied Crown land, no person shall place bait, including salt and salt products, for hunting big game:
 - Without erecting a sign at the site made of durable material no less than 600 sq. cm. (96 sq. in.) clearly

- marking your full name and address or HAL number, or by clearly marking their full name and address or HAL number on any container used for holding the bait.
- Within 500 metres of any campground, dwelling or other place used by people.
- Within 200 metres of any numbered provincial highway, provincial road or municipal road.
- Within 200 metres of any maintained forest access road, snowmobile trail or cross-country ski trail prior to April 1.
- > Prior to August 1, except for hunting black bear during the spring black bear season when you may place bait on or after March 1.
- For the purpose of hunting black bear, no person shall:
 - > Use bait that is not placed in a container;
 - > Use a container with a volume exceeding 210 litres (45-gallon drum);
 - > Use a container that would allow a bear to become trapped inside; and
 - > Use a container that a bear can remove from the bait site.
- For the purpose of hunting big game other than black bear, no person shall:
 - Use bait, other than bales, which exceeds 40 litres in volume (nine gallons); and
 - In the case of bales, use more than two bales with a combined total weight exceeding 90 kilograms (198 pounds).
- At the end of the hunting season it was used for, any remaining bait, the container, the sign marking the bait and any items brought to the bait site shall be removed.
- In provincial parks and recreation sites, no person shall place bait for hunting big game without the authorization of the park manager.
- Note: Baiting is not allowed on any Fish and Wildlife Development Fund lands for hunting big game or wild boar.

Vehicle controls

Roads and road allowances with trails only

- During an open big game season in WMZs 15-18 and 30-34, no person hunting big game can drive off roads or road allowances with trails without written permission from the landowner, except by using the most direct route to retrieve legally killed big game animals. Permission from the owner or occupant of the land is required to retrieve legally killed big game on private land.
- In Regina/Moose Jaw and Saskatoon WMZs, no person hunting big game is allowed to drive off roads or road allowances with trails, except to retrieve legally killed big game animals using the most direct route. Permission from the owner or occupant of the land is required to retrieve legally killed big game on private land.
- Note: You may operate a vehicle off roads and trails with landowner permission to place or remove bait, stands or trail cameras if a firearm is not present in the vehicle.
- The use of vehicles in Moose Mountain Provincial Park is restricted to park roads, except when using the most direct route to retrieve legally killed big game animals.
- Note: Between December 1 and April 15, no person shall operate a motor vehicle other than a snowmobile on a designated snowmobile trail.
- Vehicles are restricted to designated roads within Saskatchewan Landing Provincial Park and may not leave the road for any purpose.

All-terrain vehicles (ATVs)

Farmland areas of Saskatchewan

- ATVs (including snowmobiles) and passenger vehicles may not be used on wildlife lands for any purpose at any time except for retrieving legally killed big game animals using the shortest and/or least impacting route or under permit for specific authorized purposes.
- In WMZs 1-47, 52, 54, Moose Mountain Provincial Park, Regina/Moose Jaw, Saskatoon and Prince Albert WMZs and Fort à la Corne wildlife management unit (WMU), you cannot carry a firearm

- (including a bow or crossbow) on an ATV (including a snowmobile) during an open big game season with the following exceptions:
- You may carry encased firearms on ATVs in the Fort à la Corne WMU during the spring black bear season only; and
- ATVs cannot be used in any national wildlife area.
- Note: ATVs may be used on private land with landowner permission for activities related to hunting if no firearms are carried on the vehicle.

<u>Provincial forest and forest fringe areas of</u> <u>Saskatchewan</u>

 In WMZs 48-50 (excluding Fort à la Corne WMU), 53 and 55-76, and in Cypress Hills Interprovincial Park (West Block), you cannot carry a firearm on an ATV during an open big game season unless it is encased.

Provincial park and recreation sites

 ATVs may not be used in Saskatchewan Landing and Douglas provincial parks.

<u>Designated trails – Cypress Hills</u> Interprovincial Park (West Block)

- You cannot drive a vehicle off a designated trail or provincial highway except to retrieve legally killed big game animals using the most direct route.
- Firearms must be encased in vehicles when driving off designated trails to retrieve game.
- Parking more than 10 metres from a designated trail or provincial highway is not permitted. Trails are marked at the start and end with designated trail signs.

Forest road closures

- Road closures may be identified with earth berms, gates and/or signs to protect forest resources and roads.
- Passenger vehicles are not allowed beyond forest road closures – you can use ATVs, snowmobiles, horses and bicycles to hunt at your own risk.
- Breaking or cutting trees, or mowing/damaging other vegetation where a road closure is in place is prohibited.

Transporting big game or game birds within the province

- Hunters transporting big game animals during an antlerless or bull-only season must keep evidence of species and sex.
 During seasons where only bull elk or bull moose may be taken, the antlers must accompany the animal.
- Big game carcasses transported separately from hides must have the tail or the lower hind leg from the hock joint down attached with the hide still in place as proof of species.
- Big game carcasses must be properly tagged when delivered to a butcher for cooling, cutting and packaging. The hides can be kept or sold to hide dealers provided the hides are properly tagged and the species identification parts are attached to the carcass.
- Hunters may share an unprocessed big game carcass with their hunting partners. You do not require a permit to transport an untagged portion of the carcass if you have documentation that includes the successful hunter's name, signature, licence number, species of game and date of harvest. The individual possessing the unprocessed meat must have this information available to provide to a conservation officer.
- When transporting pheasants, evidence of sex must accompany the bird. If the bird is plucked and dressed in the field, leave the head attached to the carcass.
- No person can possess or transport a migratory game bird unless at least one fully feathered wing or the fully feathered head remains attached to the bird until the bird is preserved.
- Note: Refer to the Migratory Bird
 Regulations, 2022 for the definition of
 "preserved". Preserved birds do not count
 towards the possession limit.
- No person shall possess, transport or ship any game bird unless the game birds are packed in a manner that will allow a wildlife officer to determine the number and species of game birds.

Exporting big game or game birds

- You can take legally tagged big game out of the province without an export permit if the licence holder travels with the game.
- Hunters may take the cape of a big game animal out of the province without a hide seal attached if the cape and antlers (attached to the skull plate with attached seal) travel with the licence holder.
- You can export legally tagged raw big game hides if a hide seal is attached.
- Any wildlife or wildlife parts not accompanying the licensed hunter – or wildlife not taken under authority of a hunting licence, including antlers (other than shed antlers), claws or skulls – require an export permit to be taken out of the province. Permits are available at field offices with front counter service.
- You must mark packages for shipping wildlife within or outside the province with the sender's name, address, hunting licence or permit number and contents.
- No person, other than a Saskatchewan resident, shall import wildlife into Saskatchewan from another province or country under the authority of a game licence without first obtaining an import permit from a field office with front counter service. An export permit from another province or country provides Saskatchewan residents with the authority to import hunted wildlife.
- A Convention on the International Trade in Endangered Species (CITES) Permit is required to export black bears out of Canada. Hunters from the United States (U.S.) accompanying their tagged black bear (raw and untanned) are exempt; however, you require a CITES permit for tanned or processed pelts.
- Sandhill crane hunters do not require a CITES permit if they are a U.S. resident returning home after their hunt, provided the cranes are part of their personal baggage and are in a fresh, frozen or salted condition. You must present a Saskatchewan game bird licence, habitat licence and the federal Migratory Game Bird Permit at customs, as required.
- A game bird licence and associated

- ledger is also a permit to export legal limits of game birds if the hunter accompanies them in transit.
- You cannot transport or ship migratory birds belonging to another person into the U.S.
- No person can possess or transport a migratory game bird unless at least one fully feathered wing or the fully feathered head remains attached to the bird until the bird is preserved.
- No person shall possess, transport or ship any upland game birds unless they are packed in a manner that will permit a conservation officer to determine the number and species.
- Labelling is not required if the legal limit of migratory birds taken accompanies the hunter in a private vehicle.
- Labelling is not required if packages containing upland game birds accompany the licensed hunter in transit.
- All game birds must be packaged in a manner that will permit the number and species to be determined. Bulk packaging or bulk freezing is not allowed.

Private land considerations

- Approximately 85 per cent of the land in southern Saskatchewan is privately owned or controlled.
- Consent from the owner or occupant is mandatory prior to entering/hunting on any private land.
- To assist landowners, signs indicating:
 "Hunt on Foot Only," "Vehicles Restricted
 to Roads and Trail Only," "Please Close this
 Gate," "Seeded Field" and "Occupied
 Building within 500 Metres" are available
 by contacting a Ministry of Environment
 field office with front counter service.
- Hunters failing to obtain consent from the owner or occupant of the land could face charges.

Special lands provisions

Saskatchewan Wildlife Federation (SWF), Ducks Unlimited Canada (DUC) and the Nature Conservancy of Canada Lands (NCC)

- You require consent prior to entering/hunting on these lands.
- Hunting may be permitted on lands as per posted instructions.

- Hunters must follow all instructions (such as hunt on foot only).
- Contact the responsible agency for further information.

Fish and Wildlife Development Fund (FWDF) Lands - wildlife lands

- Open to hunting on foot only.
- Operation of any vehicle, including a passenger vehicle, ATV or snowmobile, is not allowed for any purpose except:
 - > To retrieve legally killed big game or wild boar on wildlife lands, using the shortest and/or least impacting route; and
 - > Under the authority of a vehicle use permit for agriculture or other approved purposes.
- If a passenger vehicle is being used to retrieve legally killed big game or wild boar, all firearms must be encased.
- Walk-in camping is allowed if vehicles are left off wildlife lands.
- Open fires are prohibited.
- You cannot bait for the purposes of hunting.
- Hunting stands and tree stands are allowed on wildlife lands under the following conditions:
 - You must mark stands with your name and address or HAL number and date on which you placed the stand on wildlife lands; and
 - Stands must be removed at the end of legal hunting time on the day it was placed.
- Note: Stand means any stand, blind, platform, tree seat or other similar structure.
- Wildlife lands that are managed or coowned with SWF, DUC or NCC may have additional signage regarding access.

National Wildlife Areas (NWA)

- Open to hunting unless otherwise posted.
- Last Mountain Lake, Stalwart, Webb, Prairie, Bradwell and Tway NWAs are open to all hunting.
- Hunt on foot only.
- Vehicles may not be driven off or beyond roads and designated trails and may not leave the road for any purpose.

 For information on these areas and any restrictions, contact the Canadian Wildlife Service at 306-975-4087.

Canadian Forces Base Dundurn, national parks, wildlife refuges, migratory bird sanctuaries, Cold Lake Air Weapons Range, game preserves and road corridor game preserves

• Closed to all hunting.

<u>Provincial parks, regional parks and recreation</u> sites

- Closed to all hunting unless otherwise specified in the open season tables.
- Specific vehicle regulations may apply. Wildlife Management Units (WMU)
- Many WMUs are community pastures and are subject to conditions. See the community pasture section on page 17.
- Fort à la Corne WMU is closed to hunting unless otherwise specified.
- All remaining WMUs are included in the WMZs that surround them. They are open for hunting during the times specified in the open season tables.

Road corridor game preserve (RCGP)

- All RCGPs are shown on the <u>WMZ map</u> and identified with signage.
- Hunting is prohibited within 400 metres of the centerline of a road within a RCGP.
- Firearms must be encased when travelling in a RCGP.
- Licensed hunters may carry unloaded firearms from a vehicle to the edge of the game preserve by the most direct route and return in the same manner.

Northern communities

 Excluding any privately owned land, only residents of the following communities may hunt big game within a 16-kilometre radius of their communities: Beauval, Black Lake, Buffalo Narrows, Camsell Portage, Cree Lake, Deschambault Lake, Dillon, Fond du Lac, Ile-à-la-Crosse, Kinoosao, La Loche, La Ronge, Patuanak, Pelican Narrows, Pinehouse, Primeau Lake, Sandy Bay, Southend, Stanley Mission, Stony Rapids, Turnor Lake and Wollaston.

First Nation reserves

 Closed to licensed hunting unless the Chief or Band Council grants permission.

Community pastures

- All community pastures in Saskatchewan are now patron operated.
- Patron operated pastures (POP) are former Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada (AAFC) and Saskatchewan Pasture Program pastures leased to patron groups.
- POP differ from pastures associated with grazing cooperatives. These pastures are privately owned and often referred to as co-op pastures.
- For hunting on POP, the rules remain unchanged. Generally, all POP are open to hunting as follows:
 - > WMZs 1-47 November 1;
 - > WMZ 54 November 10; and
 - > WMZs 48-50, 52, 53, 55 and 68N November 15.
- Some pastures may remain closed beyond these dates if livestock is still at large, field operations are occurring or fire hazards exist.
- Some pastures may open to hunting prior to these dates, but hunters must contact the pasture manager or designated patron group member to confirm prior to entering.
- No baiting in community pastures without the permission of the pasture manager or designated patron group member.
- Vehicles are restricted to roads and trails; however, special access conditions may be in place for select pastures.
- Contact the pasture manager or designated patron group member for trail information.
- Fires are not allowed.
- For all other recreational use, contact the pasture manager or designated patron group member for access information.
- Visit <u>saskatchewan.ca</u> and search for information on the Saskatchewan Patron Operated Pasture Program.

Saskatchewan resident draw seasons

Hunting is permitted in WMUs and national wildlife areas within a WMZ that is listed as open for big game. The exception is Fort à la Corne WMU and the St. Denis National Wildlife Research Area. Only the provincial parks and recreation sites listed below are open to hunting. See **Special lands provisions** (page 13) for more information. For information on the 2024 draw quotas, see the online Big Game Draw Supplement. When a series of WMZs is listed, it includes all zones within the series (e.g. WMZ 1-10 includes zones 1, 2E, 2W, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7E, 7W, 8, 9 and 10). **New information is indicated in bold and red.**

Draw moose – Saskatchewan residents only		
Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
WMZs 1, 2E, 2W, 4 and 5 Combined WMZs 6 and 7E (Designate WMZ 6) Combined WMZs 8 and 11 (Designate WMZ 8) WMZs 9, 10, 12 WMZ 13 including the portion of Saskatchewan Landing Provincial Park south of the South Saskatchewan River WMZ 14E including the portion of Saskatchewan Landing Provincial Park north of the South Saskatchewan River WMZs 14W, 15, 16-19, 21 and 22 WMZ 23 including the portion of Douglas Provincial Park located west of Lake Diefenbaker (Gordon McKenzie Arm) WMZs 24-32 WMZ 33 including Moose Mountain Provincial Park WMZs 34-36 WMZ 37 excluding Duck Mountain Provincial Park (Designate WMZ 37) WMZs 38-41, 42E, 42W and 43 not including Fort à la Corne WMU WMZs 44, 45E, 45W, 46-50, 52-54 Greenwater Lake Provincial Park (Designate WMZ GP) Fort à la Corne WMU (Designate WMZ FLC)	Oct. 1 – 14 and Nov. 1 – 14 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one moose, either-sex
Saskatoon Wildlife Management Zone (Designate WMZ SMZ) Regina/Moose Jaw Wildlife Management Zone (Designate WMZ RMZ)	Oct. 1 – 14 and Nov. 1 – 14 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun	one moose, either-sex
Prince Albert Wildlife Management Zone (Designate WMZ PMZ)	Oct. 1 – 14 and Nov. 1 – 14 archery and crossbow	one moose, either-sex

Reminder to hunters

Check with authorities before importing wildlife to your home province or state. Other jurisdictions may have additional requirements or restrictions for importing game animals from Saskatchewan.

Draw moose – Saskatchewan residents only (continued)		
Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
WMZ 56 including Round Lake Recreation Site and that portion of Porcupine Hills Provincial Park (West Block) within WMZ 56 WMZ 57 including those portions of Porcupine Hills Provincial Park (East and West Blocks) within WMZ 57 WMZ 58 WMZ 59 including Wildcat Hill Provincial Park WMZs 60-62 WMZ 63 including the southern portion of Narrow Hills Provincial Park WMZ 64 including Great Blue Heron, the southern portion of Clarence-Steepbank Lakes and a portion of Narrow Hills provincial parks WMZ 65 including the northern portion of both Clarence-Steepbank Lakes and Narrow Hills provincial parks WMZ 66 and 67 WMZ 68S and 68N combined including Bronson Forest Recreation Site (Designate WMZ 68)	Oct. 1 – 14 and Nov. 1 – 14 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one bull moose
Saskatoon Wildlife Management Zone (Designate WMZ SMZA) Regina/Moose Jaw Wildlife Management Zone (Designate WMZ RMZA)	Oct. 15 – Nov. 14 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow and shotgun	one antlerless moose
Prince Albert Wildlife Management Zone (Designate WMZ PMZA)	Oct. 15 – Nov. 14 archery and crossbow	one antlerless moose



Additional information (moose)

- Rifle hunting is not permitted in the Saskatoon and Regina/Moose Jaw WMZs.
- Archery and crossbow hunting only in Prince Albert WMZ.
- Antlerless moose is a cow or 2024 calf.
- Zone selections with an A are for antlerless moose licences (example RMZA).

Draw pronghorn - Saskatchewan residents only

Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
Combined WMZs 1, 15 and 18 (Designate WMZ 1) Combined WMZs 2E, 2W, 4 and 5 (Designate WMZ 2) Combined WMZs 3, 6, 7E and 7W including Cypress Hills Interprovincial Park (West Block) (Designate WMZ 3) Combined WMZs 8-11 (Designate WMZ 8) Combined WMZs 12 and 13 (Designate WMZ 12) Combined WMZs 14W, 25-27 (Designate 14W) Combined WMZs 19 and 23 (Designate WMZ 19)	Sept. 1 – 19 archery Oct. 1 – 19 archery, muzzleloader and crossbow Oct. 20 – Nov. 9 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one pronghorn, either-sex

Additional Information (pronghorn)

- The draw for pronghorn will be in mid-July.
- In provincial parks with a September pronghorn season, hunting for pronghorn is permitted beginning September 10.

Draw elk – Saskatchewan residents only		
Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
WMZ 1, 2E, 2W Combined WMZs 6 and 7E (Designate WMZ 6) Combined WMZs 8 and 11 (Designate WMZ 8) Combined WMZs 9 and 10 (Designate WMZ 9) WMZ 13 including the portion of Saskatchewan Landing Provincial Park south of the South Saskatchewan River WMZ 14E including the portion of Saskatchewan Landing Provincial Park north of the South Saskatchewan River WMZs 19 and 21 Combined WMZs 22 and 30 (Designate WMZ 22) WMZ 24 Combined WMZs 28 and 45E (Designate WMZ 28) WMZ 29 WMZs 34 and 35 WMZ 37 including Duck Mountain Provincial Park WMZs 39-41, 42E, 42W, 43 not including Fort à la Corne WMU WMZs 44, 45W, 46, 47, 52 and 54	Sept. 15 – 30 and Dec. 10 – 19 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one elk, either-sex
Regina/Moose Jaw Wildlife Management Zone (Designate WMZ RMZ)	Sept. 15 – 30 and Dec. 10 – 19 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow and shotgun	one elk, either-sex
WMZ 33 including Moose Mountain Provincial Park (Designate WMZ 33) Fort à la Corne WMU (Designate WMZ FLC) Greenwater Lake Provincial Park (Designate WMZ GP)	Sept. 10 – 30 and Dec. 10 – 19 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one elk, either-sex
WMZ 7W including Cypress Hills Interprovincial Park (West Block)	Oct. 20 – 31 and Dec. 10 – 19 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one elk, either-sex
Regina/Moose Jaw Wildlife Management Zone (Designate WMZ RMZA)	Oct. 15 – Nov. 19 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow and shotgun	one antlerless elk
Combined WMZs 6 and 7E (Designate WMZ 6A)	Oct. 15 – 31, Nov. 10 – 19 and Dec. 30 – Jan. 14, 2025 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one antlerless elk

Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
WMZ 1 (Designate WMZ 1A) WMZ 2E (Designate WMZ 2EA) WMZ 2W (Designate WMZ 2WA) Combined WMZs 8 and 11 (Designate WMZ 9A) WMZ 13 including the portion of Saskatchewan Landing Provincial Park south of the South Saskatchewan River (Designate WMZ 13A) WMZ 14E including the portion of Saskatchewan Landing Provincial Park north of the South Saskatchewan River (Designate WMZ 14EA) WMZ 19 (Designate WMZ 19A) WMZ 21 (Designate WMZ 19A) WMZ 21 (Designate WMZ 21A) Combined WMZs 22 and 30 (Designate WMZ 22A) WMZ 24 (Designate WMZ 24A) Combined WMZs 28 and 45E (Designate WMZ 28A) WMZ 29 (Designate WMZ 29A) WMZ 34 (Designate WMZ 3AA) WMZ 35 (Designate WMZ 35A) WMZ 36 (Designate WMZ 35A) WMZ 37 (Designate WMZ 35A) WMZ 38 (Designate WMZ 35A) WMZ 40 (Designate WMZ 40A) WMZ 44 (Designate WMZ 44A) WMZ 45W (Designate WMZ 45WA) WMZ 45W (Designate WMZ 45WA) WMZ 52 (Designate WMZ 52A) Greenwater Lake Provincial Park (Designate WMZ GPA)	Oct. 15 – Nov. 19 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one antierles
WMZ 7W including Cypress Hills Interprovincial Park (West Block) (Designate WMZ 7WA)	Nov. 10 – 19, Dec. 10 – 19 and Dec. 30 – Jan. 14, 2025 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one antlerless elk
WMZ 37 including Duck Mountain Provincial Park (Designate WMZ 37A) WMZ 39 (Designate WMZ 39A) WMZ 41 (Designate WMZ 41A) WMZ 42E (Designate WMZ 42EA) WMZ 42W (Designate WMZ 42WA) WMZ 43 (Designate WMZ 43A) WMZ 46 (Designate WMZ 46A) WMZ 54 (Designate WMZ 46A)	Oct. 15 – Nov. 19 and Dec. 30 – Jan. 14, 2025 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one antlerless elk
Combined WMZ 47, 67, 68 South and 68 North including Bronson Forest Recreation Site (Designate WMZ 47A) Combined WMZs 48, 56 and 57 including Porcupine Hills Provincial Park and Round Lake Recreation Site (Designate WMZ 48A) Combined WMZs 49, 58 and 59 including Wildcat Hill Provincial Park (Designate WMZ 49A) WMZ 50 not including Fort à la Corne WMU (Designate WMZ 50A) WMZ 53 (Designate 53A) WMZ 55 (Designate WMZ 55A)	Aug. 25 – Sept. 9 archery Oct. 10 – 31 and Dec. 10 – 19 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one antierless elk

Draw elk – Saskatchewan residents only (continued)		
Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
WMZ 33 including Moose Mountain Provincial Park (Designate WMZ 33A)	Oct. 10 – 31, Nov. 10 – 19 and Dec. 30 – Jan. 14, 2025 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	two antierless elk

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Additional information (elk)

- Elk requires only one draw application. When applying for elk, select antlerless and/or either-sex elk by using the appropriate zones.
- In provincial parks with a September elk season, hunting for elk is permitted beginning September 10.
- Antlerless elk is a cow or 2024 calf. The head of an antlerless elk must accompany the carcass.
- Zone selections with an A are for antlerless elk licences (example 6A).
- Rifle hunting is not permitted in the Saskatoon and Regina/Moose Jaw WMZs.

Draw mule deer - Saskatchewan residents only

Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
WMZs 1, 2E, 2W, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7E WMZ 7W, including Cypress Hills Interprovincial Park (West Block) WMZs 8- 12 WMZ 13, including the portion of Saskatchewan Landing Provincial Park south of the South Saskatchewan River WMZ 14E, including the portion of Saskatchewan Landing Provincial Park north of the South Saskatchewan River WMZs 14W, 15-19, 21 and 22 WMZ 23, including the portion of Douglas Provincial Park located west of Lake Diefenbaker (Gordon McKenzie Arm) WMZs 24-28 WMZ 29E (east of the South Saskatchewan River, including islands) WMZ 29W (west of the South Saskatchewan River) WMZs 30-32 WMZ 33, including Moose Mountain Provincial Park WMZs 34-41, 42E, 42W, 43, 44, 45E, 45W, 46-49 WMZ 50, including Fort à La Corne WMU WMZs 52-55	Sept. 1 – Oct. 31 archery Oct. 1 – 31 muzzleloader and crossbow Nov. 1 – 14 rifle	one mule deer, either- sex
Saskatoon Wildlife Management Zone (Designate WMZ SMZ) Regina/Moose Jaw Wildlife Management Zone (Designate WMZ RMZ)	Sept. 1 – Dec. 7 archery and crossbow Oct. 1 – Dec. 7 muzzleloader Nov. 1 – Dec. 7 shotgun	one mule deer, either-sex
Prince Albert Wildlife Management Zone (Designate WMZ PMZ)	Sept. 1 – Dec. 7 archery and crossbow	one mule deer, either-sex



Additional information (mule deer)

- In provincial parks with a September mule deer season, hunting for mule deer is permitted beginning September 10.
- Rifle hunting is not permitted in the Saskatoon and Regina/Moose Jaw WMZs.
- · Archery and crossbow hunting only in the Prince Albert WMZ.

Draw antierless mule deer – Saskatchewan residents only		
Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
WMZs 1, 2E, 2W, 4-6, 9, 10 WMZ 13, including the portion of Saskatchewan Landing Provincial Park south of the South Saskatchewan River WMZs 15-19, 21,22 WMZ 23, including the portion of Douglas Provincial Park located west of Lake Diefenbaker (Gordon McKenzie Arm) WMZs 24-28 WMZ 29E (east of the South Saskatchewan River, including islands) WMZ 29W (west of the South Saskatchewan River) WMZs 30-41, 42E, 42W, 43, 44, 45E, 45W, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 52, 53 and 54	Sept. 1 – Oct. 31 archery Oct. 1 – 31 muzzleloader and crossbow Nov. 10 – Dec. 7 rifle	one antlerless mule deer
Regina/Moose Jaw Wildlife Management Zone (Designate WMZ RMZ) Saskatoon Wildlife Management Zone (Designate WMZ SMZ)	Sept. 1 – Dec. 7 archery and crossbow Oct. 1 – Dec. 7 muzzleloader and crossbow Nov. 1 – Dec. 7 shotzun	one antlerless mule deer

Additional information (antlerless mule deer)

- · Antlerless mule deer is a doe or 2024 fawn.
- In provincial parks with a September mule deer season, hunting for mule deer is permitted beginning September 10.
- Hunters holding both a draw either-sex and a draw antlerless mule deer licence may hunt antlerless
 mule deer during the either-sex season dates if the antlerless mule deer is harvested in the zone in
 which their antlerless licence is valid.
- Rifle hunting is not permitted in the Regina/Moose Jaw WMZ.

Quota-limited antlerless mule deer - Saskatchewan residents only

Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
WMZs 3, 7E, 7W including Cypress Hills Interprovincial Park (West Block), 8, 11, 12 and 14W	Sept. 1 – Oct. 31 archery Oct. 1 – 31	one antlerless mule deer
Note: A quota-limited antlerless mule deer licence is valid for one of the specified WMZs above.	muzzleloader and crossbow Nov. 10 – Dec. 7 rifle	



Additional information (antlerless mule deer)

- Quota-limited antlerless mule deer licence antlerless mule deer licences in these zones will be available until the quota is gone. Purchases will be available on a first-come, first-served basis beginning at 9 a.m. on August 15, 2024. Licences will be available at field offices with front counter service, all licence issuers, online through your HAL account or by phone at 1-855-848-4773.
- · Antlerless mule deer is a doe or 2024 fawn.
- Quota-limited antlerless mule deer licences are zone-specific and hunters may only purchase one quota-limited licence.
- Hunters may hold a draw either-sex mule deer licence, a draw antlerless mule deer licence and a quota-limited antlerless mule deer licence.
- Hunters holding both a draw either-sex and a quota-limited antlerless mule deer licence may hunt
 antlerless mule deer during the either-sex season dates if the antlerless mule deer is harvested in the
 zone in which their antlerless licence is valid.
- In provincial parks with a September mule deer season, hunting for mule deer is permitted beginning September 10.
- For information, please call the Ministry of Environment Inquiry Centre at 1-800-567-4224.

Canadian resident draw seasons

Hunting is permitted in WMUs and national wildlife areas within a WMZ that is listed as open for big game. The exception is Fort à la Corne WMU and the St. Denis National Wildlife Research Area. Only the provincial parks and recreation sites listed below are open to hunting. See **Special lands provisions** (page 13) for more information. For information on 2024 draw quotas, see the online Canadian Resident White-tailed Deer Draw Supplement. When a series of WMZs is listed, it includes all zones within the series (e.g. WMZ 1-10 includes zones 1, 2E, 2W, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7E, 7W, 8, 9 and 10).

New information is indicated in bold and red.

Draw white-tailed deer – Canadian residents Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag ilmit
WMZs 1, 2E, 2W, 3-6 and 7E WMZ 7W including Cypress Hills Interprovincial Park (West Block) WMZs 8- 12 WMZ 13 including the portion of Saskatchewan Landing Provincial Park south of the South Saskatchewan River WMZ 14E including the portion of Saskatchewan Landing Provincial Park north of the South Saskatchewan River WMZs 14W, 15-19, 21 and 22 WMZ 23 including the portion of Douglas Provincial Park located west of Lake Diefenbaker (Gordon McKenzie Arm) WMZs 24-32 WMZ 33 including Moose Mountain Provincial Park WMZs 34-36 WMZ 37 including Duck Mountain Provincial Park WMZs 38-41, 42E, 42W, 43 (not including Fort à la Corne WMU), 44, 45E, 45W, 46, 47, 52 and 54	Nov. 20 – Dec. 2 rifle	one white- tailed deer, either-sex
Saskatoon Wildlife Management Zone (Designate WMZ SMZ) Regina/Moose Jaw Wildlife Management Zone (Designate RMZ)	Sept. 15 – Dec. 2 archery and crossbow Oct. 15 – Dec.2 muzzleloader Nov. 20 – Dec. 2 shotgun	one white- tailed deer, either-sex
Fort à la Corne WMU (Designate FLC)	Nov. 20 – Dec. 2 rifle	one white- tailed deer, either-sex
Prince Albert Wildlife Management Zone (Designate PMZ) Note: Archery and crossbow hunting only in the Prince Albert wildlife management zone.	Sept. 15 – Dec. 2 archery and crossbow	one white- tailed deer, either-sex
WMZs 48-50 (not including Fort à la Corne WMU), 53 and 55	Sept. 1 – Oct. 31 archery Oct. 1 – 31 muzzleloader and crossbow Nov. 20 – Dec. 2 rifle	one white- tailed deer, either-sex

Draw white-tailed deer – Canadian residents only (continued)		
Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
WMZ 56 including Round Lake Recreation Site, Greenwater Lake Provincial Park and the portion of Porcupine Hills Provincial Park (West Block) within WMZ 56 WMZ 57 including those portions of Porcupine Hills Provincial Park (East and West Blocks) within WMZ 57 WMZ 58 WMZ 59 including Wildcat Hill Provincial Park WMZs 60-62 WMZ 63 including the southern portion of Narrow Hills Provincial Park WMZ 64 including Great Blue Heron, the southern portion of Clarence-Steepbank Lakes and a portion of Narrow Hills provincial parks WMZ 65 including the northern portion of both Clarence-Steepbank Lakes and Narrow Hills provincial parks WMZ 66 including Nesslin Lake Recreation Site WMZ 67 WMZ 68S including Bronson Forest Recreation Site WMZ 68N WMZ 69 including Meadow Lake Provincial Park	Sept. 1 – Oct. 31 archery, muzzleloader and crossbow Nov. 1 – Dec. 2 rifle	one white- tailed deer, either-sex



Additional information (white-tailed deer)

- Rifle hunting is not permitted in the Regina/Moose Jaw and Saskatoon WMZs.
- Shotguns cannot be used during the muzzleloader season.
- In provincial parks and recreation sites with a September white-tailed deer season, hunting for white-tailed deer is permitted beginning September 10.

Our licence system is automated

You can purchase your hunting, angling or trapping licences:

- Online any time at <u>saskatchewanhal.ca</u> (big game licences require a previously acquired blank seal for immediate purchase, or allow 10 business days for delivery by mail);
- Through Saskatchewan licence issuers; or
- By phone using a credit card at 1-855-848-4773 (8 a.m. to 9 p.m. CST).

Remember: You purchase licences by accessing your existing online account using your HAL Identification Number (HAL ID) or your previously registered secondary identification number. Do not create a second account, as it is a violation of *The Wildlife Regulations* to use more than one HAL account. If you require assistance with your identification, call 1-855-848-4773 (8 a.m. to 9 p.m. CST).

Regular seasons

Hunting is permitted in WMUs and national wildlife areas within a WMZ that is listed as open for big game. The exception is Fort à la Corne WMU and the St. Denis National Wildlife Research Area. Only the provincial parks and recreation sites listed below are open to hunting. See **Special lands provisions** (page 13) for more information. When a series of WMZs is listed, it includes all zones within the series (e.g. WMZ 1-10 includes zones 1, 2E, 2W, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7E, 7W, 8, 9 and 10).

New information is indicated in bold and red.

White-tailed deer – Saskatchewan residents only		
Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
WMZs 1-47, 52 and 54, including Cypress Hills Interprovincial Park (West Block), in Saskatchewan Landing, Duck Mountain and Moose Mountain provincial parks, and in that portion of Douglas Provincial Park located west of Diefenbaker Lake (Gordon McKenzie Arm)	Sept. 1 – Oct. 31 archery Oct. 1 – 31 muzzleloader and crossbow Nov. 15 – Dec. 2 rifle	one white- tailed deer, either-sex
Regina/Moose Jaw and Saskatoon WMZs	Sept. 1 – Dec. 2 archery and crossbow Oct. 1 – Dec. 2 muzzleloader Nov. 1 – Dec. 2 shotgun	one white- tailed deer, either-sex
Prince Albert WMZ	Sept. 1 – Dec. 2 archery and crossbow	one white- tailed deer, either-sex
WMZs 48-50, 53 and 55 and Fort à la Corne WMU	Sept. 1 – Oct. 31 archery Oct. 1 – 31 muzzleloader and crossbow Nov. 1 – Dec. 7 rifle	one white- tailed deer, either-sex
WMZs 56-69 and Great Blue Heron, Greenwater Lake, Meadow Lake, Narrow Hills, Porcupine Hills, Wildcat Hill and Clarence-Steepbank Lakes provincial parks and in Bronson Forest, Nesslin Lake and Round Lake recreation sites	Sept. 1 – Oct. 31 archery, muzzleloader and crossbow Oct. 1 – Dec. 7 rifle	one white- tailed deer, either-sex
WMZs 70-73 including Lac La Ronge Provincial Park and that portion of Clearwater River Provincial Park located south of 57 degrees north latitude	Sept. 1 – Dec. 7 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow and rifle	one white- tailed deer, either-sex

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Additional information (white-tailed deer)

- Rifle hunting is not permitted in the Saskatoon and Regina/Moose Jaw WMZs.
- Shotguns cannot be used during the muzzleloader season.
- Archery and crossbow hunting only in the Prince Albert WMZ.
- In provincial parks and recreation sites with a September white-tailed deer season, hunting for white-tailed deer is permitted beginning September 10.

Antlerless white-tailed deer – Saskatchewan residents only Wildlife management zones open Season dates **Bag limit** Regina/Moose Jaw and Saskatoon WMZs Sept. 1 – Dec. 2 archery and antlerless crossbow white-tailed Oct. 1 – Dec. 2 muzzleloader Nov. 1 - Dec. 2 shotaun one Prince Albert WMZ Sept. 1 - Dec. 2 antlerless archery and white-tailed crossbow deer

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Additional information (white-tailed deer)

- Antlerless white-tailed deer licences are valid in the Saskatoon, Prince Albert, Regina/Moose Jaw WMZ's only.
- Rifle hunting is not permitted in the Saskatoon and Regina/Moose Jaw WMZs.
- Shotguns cannot be used during the muzzleloader season.
- Archery and crossbow hunting only in the Prince Albert WMZ.
- Antlerles white-tailed deer is a doe or 2024 fawn.

Landowner permission

Landowner permission is mandatory prior to accessing or hunting on private land, including setting out trail cameras, tree stands or blinds.

Non-toxic shot

The use of non-toxic shot is required for hunting migratory game birds in Canada. By weight non-toxic shot is comprised of the following: (a) up to 100 per cent iron, tungsten, tin or bismuth, alone or in any combination of those substances; (b) not more than 45 per cent copper; (c) not more than 40 per cent nickel; (d) not more than 7 per cent Nylon 6, Nylon 11 or ethylene methacrylic acid copolymer, alone or any combination of those substances; and (e) not more than 1 per cent all other substances combined.

Wild boar

Wild boar is an invasive species in Saskatchewan. Current control efforts include the Feral Wild Boar Control Program where **residents can report sightings for investigation and removal by calling 1-888-935-0000**.

During a big game season, Saskatchewan residents can hunt wild boar (without a valid big game licence) if they are not accompanying a licensed big game hunter. Trapping and baiting wild boar is prohibited without a licence.

Moose - Saskatchewan residents only Wildlife management zones open Season dates Bag limit WMZs 55-59 and 63-69, including Great Blue Heron, Narrow Hills, Sept. 15 - 24 one bull Meadow Lake, Porcupine Hills, Wildcat Hill and Clarencemoose archery Steepbank Lakes provincial parks, and Bronson Forest, Nesslin Oct. 15 - 19 Lake, and Round Lake recreation sites archerv. muzzleloader. crossbow. shotgun and rifle November season closed WMZs 70-76 including Lac La Ronge, Athabasca Sand Dunes and Sept. 1 - Nov. 30 one bull Clearwater River provincial parks archery, moose muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle



Additional information (moose)

- Bull moose is a male moose that is at least one year old.
- The antlers of bull moose must accompany the carcass.
- In Lac La Ronge, Athabasca Sand Dunes and Clearwater River provincial parks, hunting for moose will begin September 10. All other provincial parks and recreation sites open September 15.

Archery mule deer - Saskatchewan residents only

Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
WMZs 1 - 12 WMZ 13 including that portion of Saskatchewan Landing Provincial Park south of the South Saskatchewan River WMZ 14E including that portion of Saskatchewan Landing Provincial Park north of the South Saskatchewan River WMZs 14W, 15-19, 21 and 22 WMZ 23 including that portion of Douglas Provincial Park located west of Diefenbaker Lake (Gordon McKenzie Arm) WMZs 24-41, 42E, 42W, 43-50 and 52-55	Sept. 1 – Oct. 31 archery	one mule deer, either- sex
Regina/Moose Jaw WMZ and Saskatoon WMZ	Sept. 1 – Dec. 2 archery and crossbow	one mule deer, either- sex



Additional information (archery mule deer)

- Hunters who are successful in the either-sex mule deer draw cannot purchase an archery mule deer licence.
- Confirm that your hunting area has an open archery mule deer season.
- In provincial parks and recreation sites with a September mule deer season, hunting for mule deer is permitted beginning September 10.

Elk – Saskatchewan residents only			
Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit	
WMZ 48	Aug. 25 – Sept. 9 archery Sept. 15 – 30 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one elk, either-sex	
WMZs 49 and 56-59, including Porcupine Hills and Wildcat Hill provincial parks and Round Lake Recreation Site	Aug. 25 – Sept. 9 archery Sept. 15 – 30 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one bull elk	
WMZs 50, 53, 55, 60-69, including Great Blue Heron, Narrow Hills, Meadow Lake and Clarence-Steepbank Lakes provincial parks and Bronson Forest and Nesslin Lake recreation sites and that portion of zone 47 located north of Highway 3	Aug. 25 – Sept. 9 archery Sept. 15 – 30 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one bull elk	

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Additional information (elk)

- A bull elk is a male elk with an antler at least 15 centimetres in length as measured on the outside of the curve from the skull to the tip.
- An antlerless elk is a cow or 2024 calf.
- The antlers of bull elk must accompany the carcass in the bull elk season.
- In provincial parks and recreation sites with a September elk season, hunting for elk is permitted beginning September. 10.
- · No regular elk hunting in Fort à la Corne WMU.

Areas closed to hunting

Fort à la Corne WMU and all provincial parks, regional parks and recreation sites are closed to all hunting unless otherwise specified. You must encase firearms unless you have a valid hunting licence for that area.

Contribute to wildlife management

We want to hear from you! Did you know a quick survey can contribute significantly to wildlife management in the province? There are several opportunities every year, including the Hunter Harvest Survey (mandatory) and the Annual Status of Furbearers Survey. We use the information to set season dates, quotas and bag limits. Your contribution has a direct impact on hunting opportunities in Saskatchewan! To learn more about how to get involved, visit saskatchewan.ca/hunting.

Black bear – all hunters (regular and guided seasons)		
Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
WMZs 17, 30, 32-50 and 52-76 and Porcupine Hills Provincial Park	Apr. 15 – June 30 Aug. 25 – Oct. 31 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one black bear, either- sex
Duck Mountain, Greenwater Lake, Great Blue Heron, Lac La Ronge, Clarence-Steepbank Lakes, Narrow Hills and Meadow Lake provincial parks, and Bronson Forest, Nesslin Lake and Round Lake recreation sites	Apr. 15 – May 31 Sept. 10 – Oct. 31 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one black bear, either- sex
Wildcat Hill, Clearwater River and Athabasca Sand Dunes provincial parks and Fort à la Corne WMU	Apr. 15 – June 30 Sept. 10 – Oct. 31 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one black bear, either- sex
Prince Albert WMZ	Apr. 15 – May 31 Sept. 10 – Oct. 31 archery and crossbow	one black bear, either- sex

Additional information (black bear)

- All non-resident hunters must use the services of a licensed outfitter and possess a guided black bear licence.
- Canadian residents have the option of using the services of an outfitter by purchasing a guided bear licence.
- There are no colour dress requirements for archery, crossbow, muzzleloader and shotgun hunters.
- No hunting of female bears with young of the year cubs at heel.
- Archery and crossbow hunting only in the Prince Albert WMZ.
- An unused 2024 black bear licence purchased for the spring season is valid for the 2024 fall seasons.

Notice of hunter inspections

Conservation officers check for compliance with hunting regulations throughout the province and at border crossings during hunting seasons. Hunting or trapping violations may result in a fine and/or the loss of hunting privileges.

Hunting under the influence

Hunting under the influence of alcohol, cannabis or other drugs is illegal. If you suspect an intoxicated hunter, report them to TIPP at 1-800-667-7561.

Black bear – Saskatchewan residents only (second licence)		
Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
WMZs 17, 30, 32-50 and 52-55	Apr. 15 – June 30 Aug. 25 – Oct. 31 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one black bear, either- sex
Duck Mountain and Greenwater Lake provincial parks and in that portion of Round Lake Recreation Site lying within WMZ 48	Apr. 15 – May 31 Sept. 10 – Oct. 31 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one black bear, either- sex
Fort à la Corne WMU	Apr. 15 – June 30 Sept. 10 – Oct. 31 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one black bear, either- sex



Additional information (black bear)

• Saskatchewan residents can hold a first and second black bear licence.

Guided moose – all hunters

Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
WMZs 60-62	Oct. 1 – 14 and Nov. 1 – 14 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one bull moose
WMZ 69	Sept. 15 – 24 archery Oct. 15 – 19 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle November season closed	one bull moose
WMZs 70-76 including Lac La Ronge, Athabasca Sand Dunes and Clearwater River provincial parks	Sept. 1 – Nov. 30 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one bull moose



Additional information (guided moose)

- A bull moose is a male moose that is at least one year old.
- In provincial parks with a September bull moose season, moose hunting is permitted beginning September 10.
- All Canadian and non-resident moose hunters must use the services of a licensed outfitter and possess
 a guided moose licence.
- Saskatchewan resident hunters wishing to hunt in the guided moose season must also use an outfitter and possess a guided moose licence.
- The antlers of bull moose must accompany the carcass.

Guided white-tailed deer - (Canadian and non-resident hunters) Wildlife management zones open Season dates **Bag limit** WMZs 37, 39, 40, 42, 48-50, 53, 55-66, 69 and Great Blue Heron. Sept. 1 – 30 one white-Greenwater Lake, Meadow Lake, Narrow Hills, Porcupine Hills, tailed deer. archery, Wildcat Hill and Clarence-Steepbank Lakes provincial parks and muzzleloader and either-sex Nesslin Lake and Round Lake recreation sites crossbow Oct. 1 - Dec. 7 rifle WMZs 67, 68S and 68N including Bronson Forest Recreation Site Sept. 1 – Oct. 31 one whitetailed deer, archery, muzzleloader and either-sex crossbow Nov. 1 - Dec. 7 rifle WMZs 70-73 including Lac La Ronge Provincial Park and that Sept. 1 – Dec. 7 one whiteportion of Clearwater River Provincial Park located south of 57 tailed deer. archerv. degrees north latitude either-sex muzzleloader and crossbow Sept. 1 – Dec. 7 rifle

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Additional information (guided white-tailed deer)

- In provincial parks and recreation sites with a September either-sex white-tailed deer season, hunting is permitted beginning September 10.
- Non-residents of Canada must use the services of a licensed outfitter while hunting white-tailed deer.
- Canadian residents who were not successful in the white-tailed deer draw can hunt white-tailed deer by using the services of an outfitter and possessing a guided white-tailed deer licence.
- Guided white-tailed deer archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle seasons are in place in
 portions of some forest fringe zones. For additional information please contact a field office with
 front counter service.

Wildlife management zones open	Season dates	Bag limit
Wolf - (Saskatchewan residents only) WMZs 43, 47-50, 53-76 and Athabasca Sand Dunes, Clearwater River, Great Blue Heron, Greenwater Lake, Lac la Ronge, Meadow Lake, Narrow Hills, Porcupine Hills, Wildcat Hill and Clarence-Steepbank Lakes provincial parks, in Bronson Forest, Nesslin Lake and Round Lake recreation sites and in Fort a la Corne Wildlife Management Unit	Oct. 15 – Dec. 7 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one wolf, either-sex
Guided wolf - (Canadian and non-resident hunters) WMZs 37, 39, 40, 42, 48-50, 53, 55-76 and Athabasca Sand Dunes, Clearwater River, Great Blue Heron, Greenwater Lake, Lac la Ronge, Meadow Lake, Narrow Hills, Porcupine Hills, Wildcat Hill and Clarence-Steepbank Lakes provincial parks and in Nesslin Lake, Round Lake and Bronson Forest recreation sites	Oct. 15 – Dec. 7 archery, muzzleloader, crossbow, shotgun and rifle	one wolf, either-sex



Additional information (wolf)

- Wolves are classified as a big game animal and wolf hunters are required to follow all big game regulatory requirements.
- A guided wolf licence is only valid when the holder of the guided wolf licence also holds a primary
 guided big game licence (moose or white-tailed deer) that is valid (unused) and the hunting season for
 the primary licence is open. Once the primary guided licence has been filled, the guided wolf licence
 becomes invalid.

Migratory game birds (All hunters)

	Open game bird districts	Season dates	Bag limit	
	Dark geese (Canada, cackling	Dark geese (Canada, cackling and white-fronted geese)		
,	North and South Game Bird Districts	Sept. 1 – Dec. 16	Daily limit: 8 Possession limit: three times daily limit	
	White geese (white and blue	phase snow ge	ese and Ross's geese)	
	North and South Game Bird Districts	Sept. 1 – Dec. 16	Daily limit: 20 Possession limit: no possession limit	
	Sandhill cranes			
	North and South Game Bird Districts	Sept. 1 – Dec. 16	Daily limit: 5 Possession limit: three times daily limit	
	Ducks			
	North and South Game Bird Districts	Sept. 1 – Dec. 16	Daily limit: 8 Possession limit: three times daily limit	
	Coots and snipe			
	North and South Game Bird Districts	Sept. 1 – Dec. 16	Daily limit: 10 (each species) Possession limit: three times daily limit	



Additional information (migratory game birds)

- Hunters must have a valid Saskatchewan game bird licence as well as a 2024 federal Migratory Game Bird Permit in their possession while hunting migratory birds.
- See the Saskatchewan Resident Upland Game Bird section for the definition of the North and South Game Bird Districts on page 31 and 32.
- You can hunt geese all day (one-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset) in the North and South Game Bird Districts.
- You can use electronic calls using white geese vocalizations (snow and/or Ross's geese) to hunt white geese.
- The Prince Albert WMZ is closed to all game bird hunting.

Changes to migratory bird regulations

The federal Migratory Birds Regulations have been modernized. For a complete overview of the changes, visit <u>canada.ca/en/environment-climate-change/services/migratory-game-bird-hunting/status-update-modernization-regulations</u>.

Upland game birds (Saskatchewan residents only)

Note: If you only plan on hunting upland game birds, you do not require a Migratory Game Bird Permit.

Season dates	Bag limit
Oct. 1 – Dec. 31	Daily limit: 3 (cocks only) Possession limit: 6
Sept. 15 – Nov. 14	Daily limit: 3; Possession limit: 6
Sept. 15 – Dec. 7	Daily limit: 3; Possession limit: 6
Sept. 15 – Dec. 31	Daily limit: 8; Possession limit: 16
Sept. 15 – Dec. 31	Daily limit: 10; Possession limit: 20
Sept. 15 – Dec. 31	Daily limit: 10; Possession limit: 20
Nov. 1, 2024 – Mar. 31, 2025	Daily limit: 10; Possession limit: 20
	Oct. 1 – Dec. 31 Sept. 15 – Nov. 14 Sept. 15 – Dec. 7 Sept. 15 – Dec. 31 Sept. 15 – Dec. 31



Additional information (upland game birds)

South Game Bird District includes:

Game Bird Management Unit 1

WMZs 1-14 and 19 including Saskatchewan Landing Provincial Park and Cypress Hills Interprovincial Park (West Block), Webb and any prairie national wildlife areas.

Game Bird Management Unit 2

WMZs 15-18, 31-36, Regina/Moose Jaw WMZ including Moose Mountain Provincial Park and any prairie national wildlife areas.

Game Bird Management Unit 3

WMZs 23-30, 44, 45E, 45W, 46, Saskatoon WMZ including that portion of Douglas Provincial Park located west of Diefenbaker Lake (Gordon McKenzie Arm), Bradwell and any prairie national wildlife areas.

Game Bird Management Unit 4

WMZs 21, 22, 37-42 including Duck Mountain Provincial Park, Last Mountain Lake, Stalwart and Tway national wildlife areas.



Additional information (upland game birds continued)

North Game Bird District includes:

Game Bird Management Unit 5

WMZs 43, 47-50, 52-57, 67, 68N and 68S including Fort à la Corne WMU, Greenwater Lake and Porcupine Hills provincial parks, Bronson Forest and Round Lake recreation sites and any prairie national wildlife areas

Game Bird Management Unit 6

WMZs 58-66 and 69-76 including Athabasca Sand Dunes, Clarence-Steepbank Lakes, Clearwater River, Great Blue Heron, Lac La Ronge, Meadow Lake, Narrow Hills and Wildcat Hill provincial parks and Nesslin Lake Recreation Site.

The Prince Albert WMZ is closed to all game bird hunting.

For additional information about game bird management units and how upland game birds are managed in the province, please refer to the Upland Game Bird Management Plan at saskatchewan.ca/hunting.

Upland game birds (Canadian and non-residents)

Open game bird districts	Season dates	Bag limit
Sharp-tailed grouse		
South Game Bird District Game Bird Management Unit 1-4	Sept. 15 – Nov. 14	Daily limit: 3; Season limit: 6
North Game Bird District Game Bird Management Units 5-6	Sept. 15 – Dec. 7	Daily limit: 3; Season limit: 6 Note: Use of harvest ledger to track season limit is required
Gray (Hungarian) partridge		
South Game Bird District Game Bird Management Units 1-4	Sept. 15 – Nov. 14	Daily limit: 8; Season limit: 16
North Game Bird District Game Bird Management Units 5-6	Sept. 15 – Dec. 7	Daily limit: 8; Season limit: 16 Note: Use of harvest ledger to track season limit is required

Open game bird districts	Season dates	Bag limit	
Ruffed grouse			
South Game Bird Districts Game Bird Management Units 1-4	Sept. 15 – Nov. 14	Daily limit: 10; Possession limit: 20	
North Game Bird Districts Game Bird Management Units 5-6	Sept. 15 – Dec. 7	Daily limit: 10; Possession limit: 20	
Spruce grouse			
North Game Bird District Game Bird Management Units 5-6	Sept. 15 – Dec. 7	Daily limit: 10; Possession limit: 20	



Additional information (upland game birds)

- See the Saskatchewan resident upland game bird section for the definition of the North and South Game Bird Districts and Game Bird Management Units for upland game bird hunting on page 31 and 32.
- The Prince Albert WMZ is closed to all game bird hunting.

2025 spring white geese (All hunters)

White geese (white and blue phase snow geese and Ross's geese)

Open game bird districts	Season dates	Bag limit
North and South Game Bird Districts	March 15 – June 15, 2025	Daily limit: 20; Possession limit: no possession limit

Additional information (spring white geese)

- · Hunters are required to have a valid Saskatchewan game bird licence as well as a 2024 federal Migratory Game Bird Permit in their possession while hunting white geese.
- · Canadian and non-resident game bird hunters must possess a harvest ledger that is registered with a valid game bird licence and carried with them while hunting.
- 2024 game bird licences (and wildlife habitat certificates) are valid until March 31, 2025.
- The 2025 game bird licence will be available April 1, 2025, and will be valid until March 31, 2026. Blank harvest ledgers can be ordered ahead of time or obtained from a field office with front counter service and select provincial park offices and can be registered when you purchase the game bird
- · You can hunt white geese all day (one-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset) in the North and South Game Bird Districts.

Game bird restrictions

Game bird hunting is not permitted on all waterbodies. Some are also temporarily closed to game bird hunting in, on or within 500 metres of the water's edge from June 16 to November 9. For a complete list of restrictions, please visit saskatchewan.ca/hunting.

Hunter harvest surveys are mandatory

Hunter harvest surveys are important for managing game in Saskatchewan. They provide valuable information for quota and season setting for the upcoming year. Visit saskatchewanhal.ca for more information, including completion deadlines.

SK Hunt & Fish mobile app

The SK Hunt & Fish mobile app provides essential fishing, hunting and wildlife information and conveniently stores all your purchased licences.

The app is available in the Apple App Store and Google Play Store.

Please confirm your account information

If you are ordering your hunting licence by phone or online and require seals by mail, please order at least two weeks in advance. Leaving on your trip without your pre-ordered licence and seals may result in a delay in obtaining replacement seals. To receive program information and notifications, be sure to:

- Check the accuracy of the email address on your HAL account;
- Make sure you subscribe for notifications; and
- Ensure you do not filter notifications to your email account's junk/spam folder.

Turn in Poachers and Polluters



Here's what you can do ...

- If you suspect wildlife, fisheries, forestry or environmental violations, call the Turn in Poachers and Polluters (TIPP) number or submit your report online.
- Environmental violations include illegal dumping and burning of plastics, tires and other waste.
- All reports are investigated and calls are confidential.
 You may be eligible for a cash reward.

Call toll-free 1-800-667-7561.

